



COURSE OUTLINE –20 & 30 WEEKS

Language: Spanish

Level: 1

Course book: *Ele Actual 1. Curso de Español para Extranjeros*. Libro del alumno + CDs A1 - New edition by Virgilio Borobio Carrera, Ramón Palencia del Burgo. Ediciones SM (22 Jan 2014).

ISBN: 978-8467551815

Topics and vocabulary	Grammar	Communicative objectives
<p>Greetings and introductions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spelling and pronunciation The alphabet 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Present tense (singular): ser, llamarse, estar, vivir Personal pronouns: yo, tu, usted ... Question words: <i>¿como?, ¿cuál?</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Greet people. Introduce yourself and spell your name. Ask and answer simple questions
<p>Nationalities and countries</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nationalities, languages and countries. Numbers 1 -20. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Present tense: <i>hablar, trabajar, tener, ...</i> Question words: <i>¿cuál?, ¿dónde?, ¿de dónde?, ¿qué?, ¿cuántos?, ...</i> Possessives: <i>mi, tu, su.</i> Masculine and feminine gender. Articles: <i>el, la, un, una.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ask and answer questions about where you come from and where you live. Say what languages you speak. Ask for a phone number and give yours. Ask and say how you and others are.
<p>Personal information.</p> <p>Professions Place of work Numbers 21 - 100</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gender: Masculine and feminine Indefinite article <i>un - una</i> Present tenses and regular verbs: verbs <i>trabajar, estudiar, vivir</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ask and answer questions about what you do for a living and where you work. Using present tenses in



BHASVIC

<p>Address Telephone number</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> E-mails 	<p><i>tener</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interrogatives: <i>¿qué?, ¿cuál?</i> 	<p>sentences</p>
<p>¿Tú or usted?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Formal an informal Introduce people in different situations. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Articles singular masc and fem: <i>el, la</i> Demonstratives pronouns: <i>este, esta</i> Tú-usted: When to use them accordingly 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduce people Say hello in formal and formal situations Respond to people's greetings Introduce someone
<p>Family and friends.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Family members. Marital status Ages People's physical appearance Colors The character 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Present tense (plural): <i>ser, estar, tener, .</i> Possessive adjectives singular and plural. Present tenses – verb <i>stary tener</i>. (irregulars) Possessives: <i>mi(s), tu(s), su(s)</i> Agreement adjective & noun Interrogatives: <i>¿quién?, ¿cuántos/-as?, ¿cómo?</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Talk about family and relationships. Introduce people. Ask info about family members and marital status Ask people how old they are using verb <i>tener</i>. Describe people physical appearance



BHASVIC

<p>Objects and shopping</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General shopping expressions. • Types of shops. • Basic food items, fruit, vegetables, etc ... • Quantities, weight and containers. • Numbers 100-10000 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbs: <i>vender, comprar, costar, querer.</i> • Question words: <i>¿Cuánto/a/os/as</i> • Use of articles: <i>el/la/los/las; un/una/- os/-as.</i> ☒ ☐ Demonstrative adjectives: <i>este/a/os/as; ese/a/os/as; aquel, aquella/os/as.</i> • More nterrogatives: <i>¿quién?, ¿cuántos/-as?, ¿cómo?</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talk about types of shops / departments. • Ask for food by weight and container. • Say the ingredients for a recipe. • Being able to ask price in a shop. • Being able to ask basic food and other stuff in shops.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quantifiers <i>muy, bastante</i> 	
<p>My town, my city</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Town and cities • More numbers • Describe and allocate a town in the map. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Differences between <i>ser and estar</i> • Preposition y adverbs: <i>por, en, cerca (de), lejos (de)</i> • Interrogatives: <i>¿cuántos?, ¿dónde?, ¿cómo?, ¿por qué?, ¿cuál?</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talk about geographical situation a place • Describe a city using adjectives and their opposites • Talk about citizens • Ask about the capital of places
<p>My house, my room</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe your house and furniture • Look for a house and descriptions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verb <i>ser</i>: descriptions • Verbo <i>estar</i>: localization • <i>Hay-está(n)</i> • Prepositions y adverbs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe a house • Describe a room • Look for a house descriptions and understand adverts



BHASVIC

<p>Likes & Dislikes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Free time activities and leisure • Personal likes and dislikes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbs <i>gustar</i> and <i>encantar</i> Use and form • Direct object pronouns • Adverbs: <i>también, tampoco, sí, no</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Express likes and dislikes • Express agreements and disagreements • Talk about leisure and spare time
<p>My district and public timetables</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Public places • The time • Days of the week • Spanish public timetables • Months and seasons • The weather 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Es, está, hay, tiene • Quantifiers: <i>mucho/-a/-os/-as, bastante(s), poco/-a/-os/-as</i> • My favourite place is... • Lo que más/menos me gusta es (que)... • Prepositions <i>a, de, por</i> • Present tenses verbs // <i>lo very nevar:</i> • Difference between <i>muy-mucho</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe a district and facilities • Express preferences • Ask and tell the time • Being able to talk about weather • Ask about timetables in public places
<p>Restaurant and food</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Being able to order food in a
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Order a dish in a restaurant • Understand Hispanic food and its socio cultural aspect • Spanish gastronomy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbs <i>Pedir</i> and <i>poner</i> • Countable and uncountable nouns • Food and dishes vocabulary 	<p>restaurant.</p>
<p>Jobs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Means of transports • Work conditions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Present tenses irregulars: <i>ir</i> // <i>volver</i> • <i>hacer, salir</i> • Frequency adverbs : <i>siempre, normalmente, a menudo, a veces, nunca</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talk about how often we do things. • Talk about transports



BHASVIC

<p>The weekend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sports and leisure • Home duties 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Frequency adverbs una vez/ dos veces al día, cada tres días... • Quantifiers: mucho, bastante, poco • Interrogatives: ¿cómo? • Verbo venir • Preposiciones: de... a, desde... hasta, en, a, por 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talk about weekends. • Give opinions
<p>Can you swim?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sports and sparetime • Internet 	<p>Saber + infinitive Conocer + noun También, tampoco, sí, no Verb + bien/mal/regular/así, así Verb creer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ser +bueno/malo 	<p>Express ability to do something Value situations Express opinions Express agreement Express disagreement</p>